

## Features

- Very high speed: 55 ns
- Wide voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.25 V
- Pin compatible with CY62137CV18
- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 1  $\mu$ A
  - Maximum standby current: 5  $\mu$ A
- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 1.6 mA @ f = 1 MHz
- Ultra low standby power
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Byte power-down feature
- Available in a Pb-free 48-ball Very fine-pitch ball grid package (VFBGA) package

## Functional Description

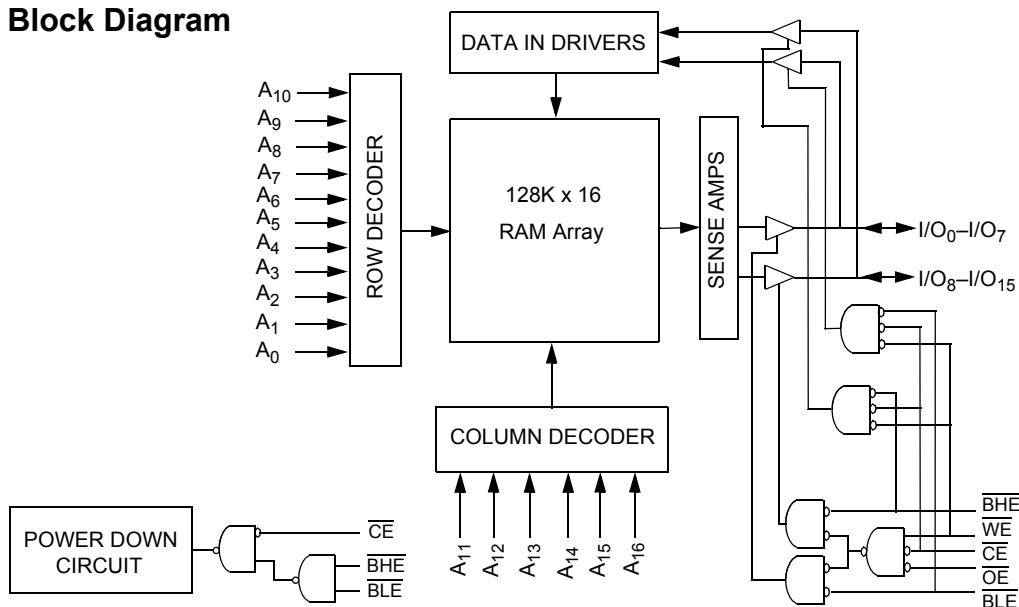
The CY62137FV18 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128K words by 16 bits. This device features

advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life<sup>™</sup> (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH or both  $\overline{BLE}$  and  $\overline{BHE}$  are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), both the Byte High Enable and the Byte Low Enable are disabled ( $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  HIGH), or during an active write operation ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>16</sub>). If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>16</sub>).

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O<sub>0</sub> to I/O<sub>7</sub>. If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory appears on I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>15</sub>. See the [Truth Table on page 11](#) for a complete description of read and write modes.

## Logic Block Diagram



## Contents

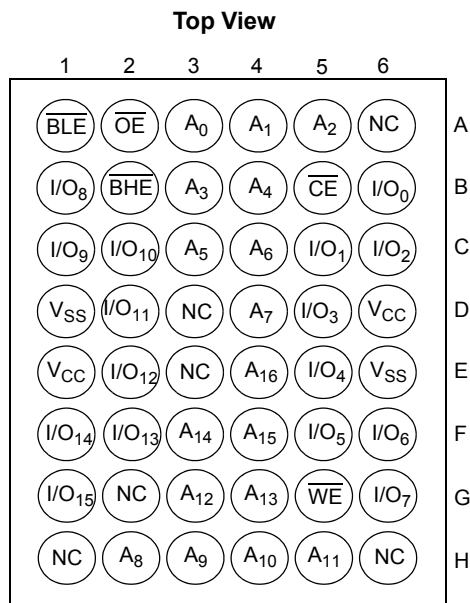
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## Product Portfolio

Product	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
					Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
	f = 1 MHz		f = f <sub>max</sub>							
	Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max		Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max
CY62137FV18LL	1.65	1.8	2.25	55	1.6	2.5	13	18	1	5

## Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA Pinout [2, 3]



### Notes

1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.
2. NC pins are not connected on the die.
3. Pins D3, H1, G2, H6 and H3 in the VFBGA package are address expansion pins for 4 Mb, 8 Mb, 16 Mb, and 32 Mb and 64 Mb respectively.

## Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .....	-65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied .....	-55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential .....	-0.2 V to + 2.45 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z State <sup>[4, 5]</sup> .....	-0.2 V to 2.45 V

DC Input Voltage <sup>[4, 5]</sup> .....	-0.2 V to 2.45 V
Output Current into Outputs (LOW) .....	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage .....	> 2001 V (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)
Latch up Current .....	> 200 mA

## Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>
CY62137FV18	Industrial	-40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.25 V

## Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	55 ns			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[7]</sup>	Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	1.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.2	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 2.25 V	1.4	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.2 V	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 2.25 V	-0.2	-	0.4	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , output disabled	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply current	f = f <sub>max</sub> = 1/t <sub>RC</sub>	-	13	18	mA
		f = 1 MHz	-	1.6	2.5	
I <sub>SB1</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic power-down current—CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , or (BHE and BLE) $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , V <sub>IN</sub> $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ , f = f <sub>max</sub> (address and data only), f = 0 (OE, WE)	-	1	5	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic power-down current—CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , or (BHE and BLE) $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , V <sub>IN</sub> $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , or V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ , f = 0	-	1	5	μA

### Notes

- V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- Full device AC operation assumes a minimum of 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> and 200 μs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.
- Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C
- Chip enable (CE) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

### Capacitance

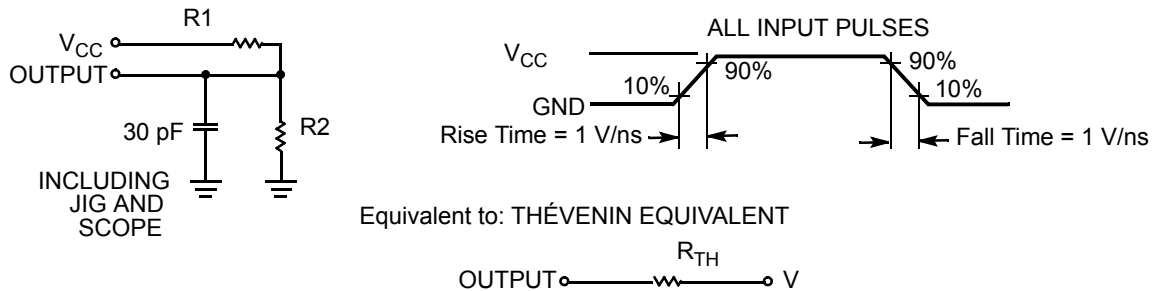
Parameter <sup>[9]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(typ)</sub>	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter <sup>[9]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	Unit
Θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	75	°C/W
Θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal resistance (Junction to case)		10	°C/W

### AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Parameters	1.80 V	Unit
R1	13500	Ω
R2	10800	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	6000	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	0.80	V

**Note**

9. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

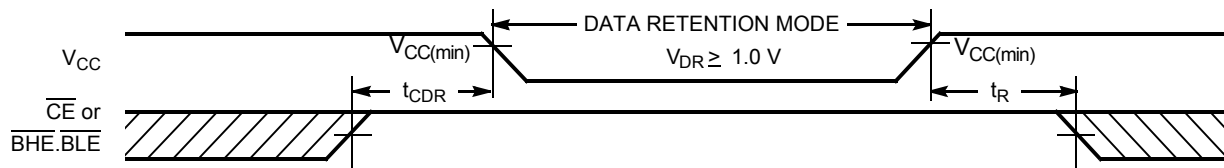
## Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[10]</sup>	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	$V_{CC}$ for data retention		1.0	–	–	V
$I_{CCDR}$ <sup>[11]</sup>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V}$ , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ , or ( $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ ) $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$	–	1	4	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_{CDR}$ <sup>[12]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
$t_R$ <sup>[13]</sup>	Operation recovery time		55	–	–	ns

## Data Retention Waveform

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform<sup>[14]</sup>



### Notes

10. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(\text{typ})}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .
11. Chip enable (CE) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the  $I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR}$  spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
12. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
13. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(\text{min})} \geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$  or stable at  $V_{CC(\text{min})} \geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ .
14.  $\overline{BHE.BLE}$  is the AND of both  $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$ . Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both  $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$ .

## Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	Description	55 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	
<b>Read Cycle</b>				
$t_{RC}$	Read cycle time	55	–	ns
$t_{AA}$	Address to data valid	–	55	ns
$t_{OHA}$	Data hold from address change	10	–	ns
$t_{ACE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
$t_{DOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	25	ns
$t_{LZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z <sup>[17]</sup>	5	–	ns
$t_{HZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z <sup>[17, 18]</sup>	–	18	ns
$t_{LZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to low Z <sup>[17]</sup>	10	–	ns
$t_{HZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to high Z <sup>[17, 18]</sup>	–	18	ns
$t_{PU}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to power up	0	–	ns
$t_{PD}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to power down	–	55	ns
$t_{DBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
$t_{LZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to low Z <sup>[17]</sup>	10	–	ns
$t_{HZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to high Z <sup>[17, 18]</sup>	–	18	ns
<b>Write Cycle <sup>[19]</sup></b>				
$t_{WC}$	Write cycle time	45	–	ns
$t_{SCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to write end	35	–	ns
$t_{AW}$	Address setup to write end	35	–	ns
$t_{HA}$	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
$t_{SA}$	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
$t_{PWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	35	–	ns
$t_{BW}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	35	–	ns
$t_{SD}$	Data setup to write end	25	–	ns
$t_{HD}$	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
$t_{HZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z <sup>[17, 18]</sup>	–	18	ns
$t_{LZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z <sup>[17]</sup>	10	–	ns

### Notes

15. Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 1V/ns or less, timing reference levels of  $V_{CC(typ)}/2$ , input pulse levels of 0 to  $V_{CC(typ)}$ , and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  as shown in the Figure 2 on page 5.

16. AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals (BHE or BLE) not switching when chip is disabled. Please see application note AN13842 for further clarification.

17. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$  is less than  $t_{LZBE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.

18.  $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state

19. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

## Switching Waveforms

Figure 4. Read Cycle No.1 (Address Transition Controlled) [20, 21]

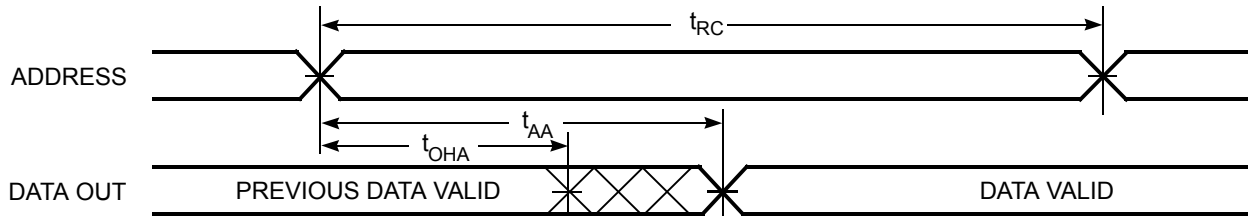
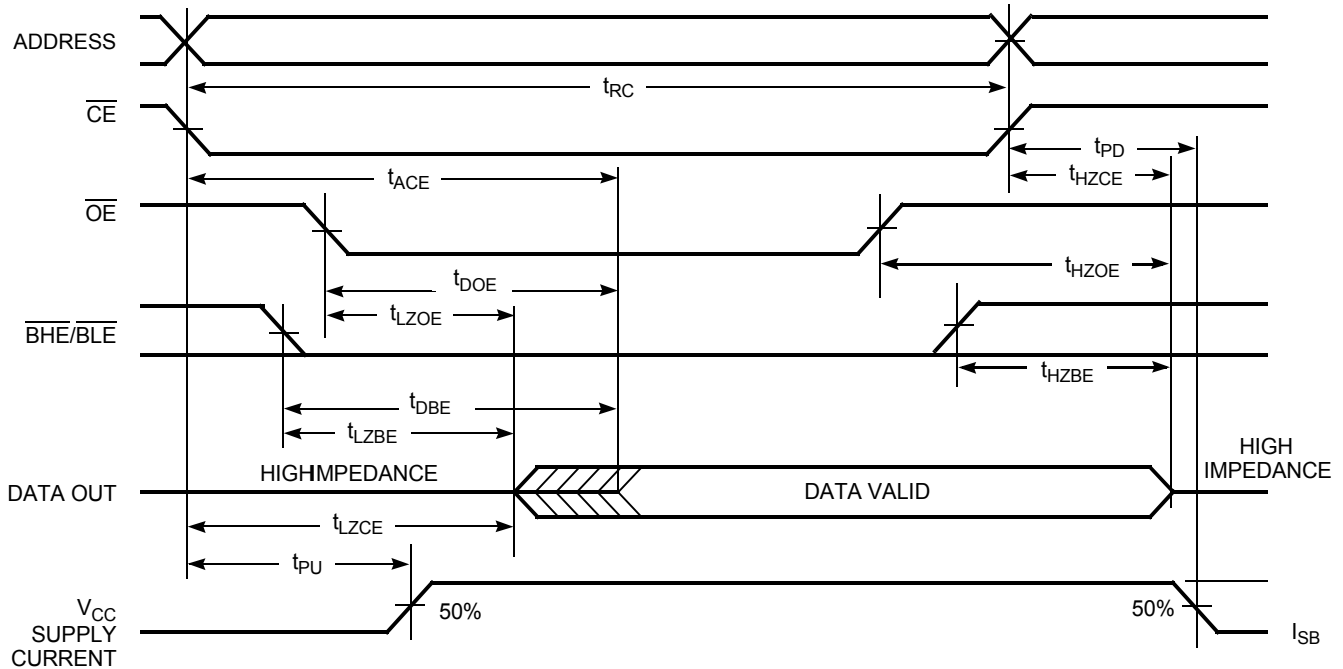


Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$  Controlled) [21, 22]



**Notes**

- 20. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BHE}}$  and/or  $\overline{\text{BLE}} = V_{IL}$ .
- 21.  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  is HIGH for read cycle.
- 22. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$  transition LOW.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled) [23, 24]

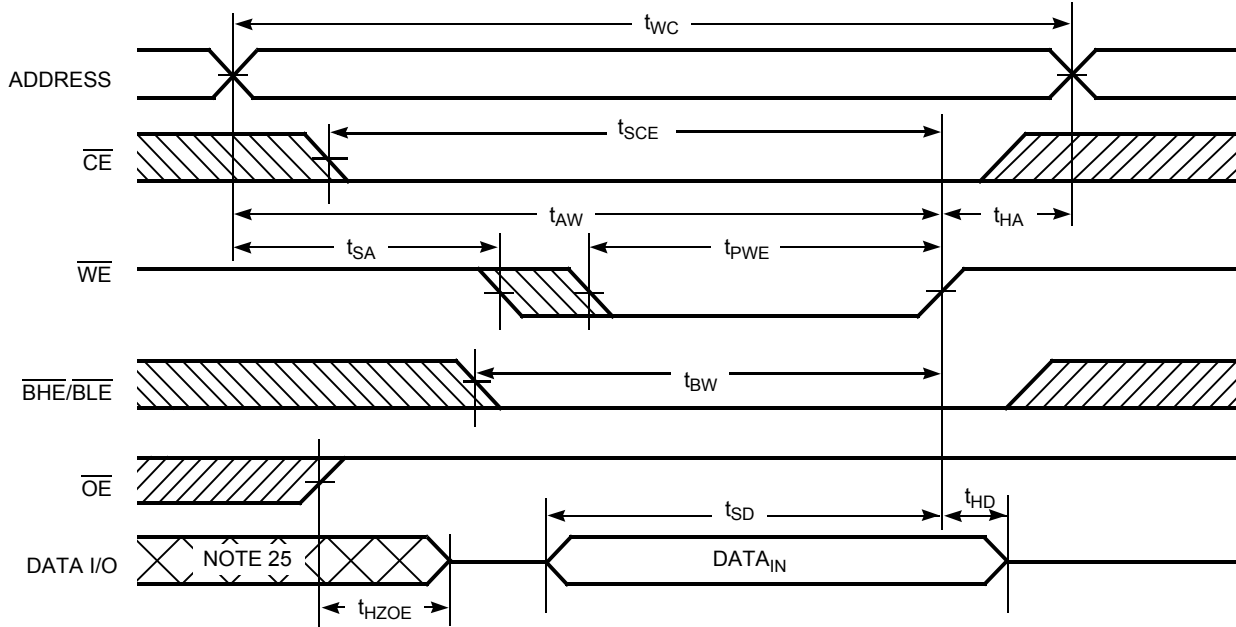
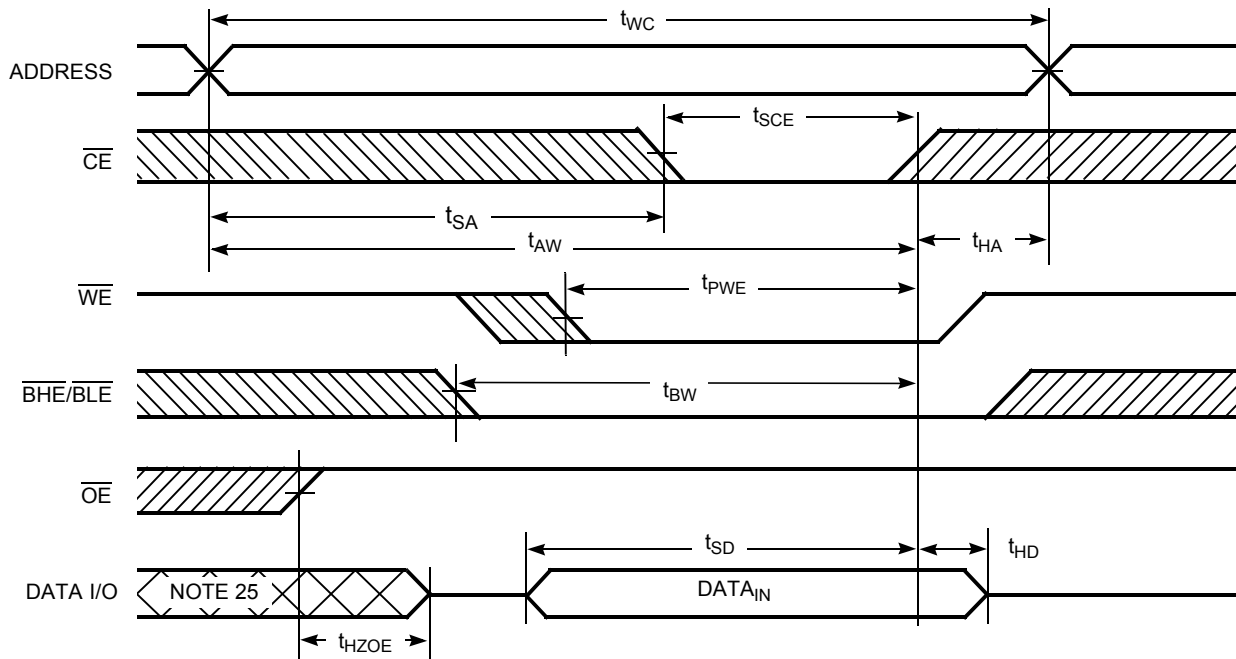


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{CE}$  Controlled) [23, 24]



Notes

- 23. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ .
- 24. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 25. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled) [26]

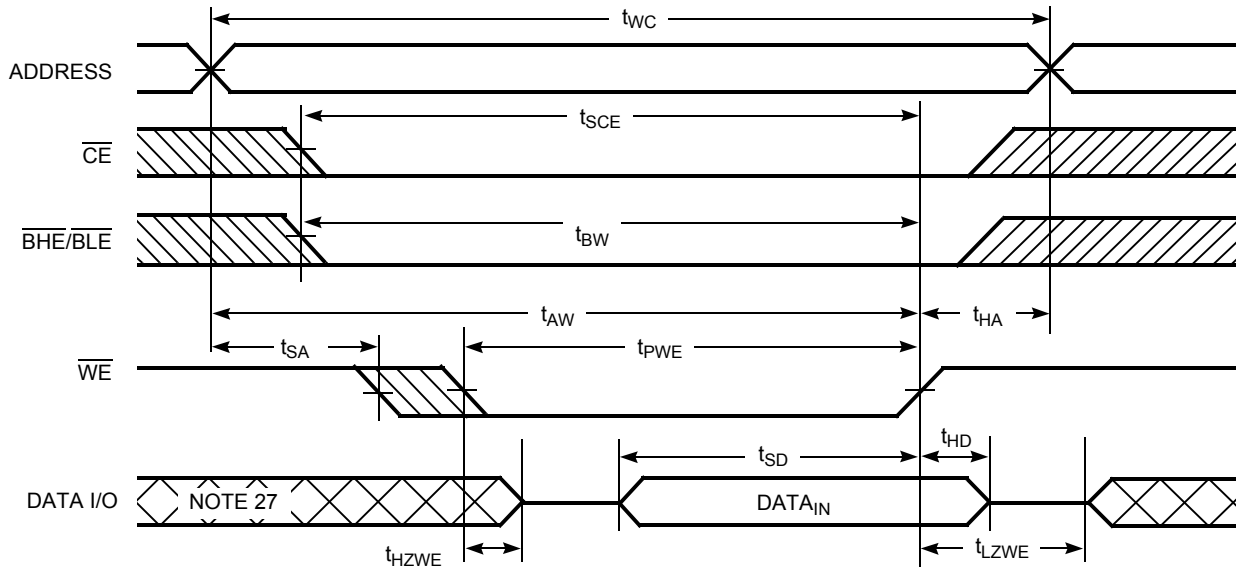
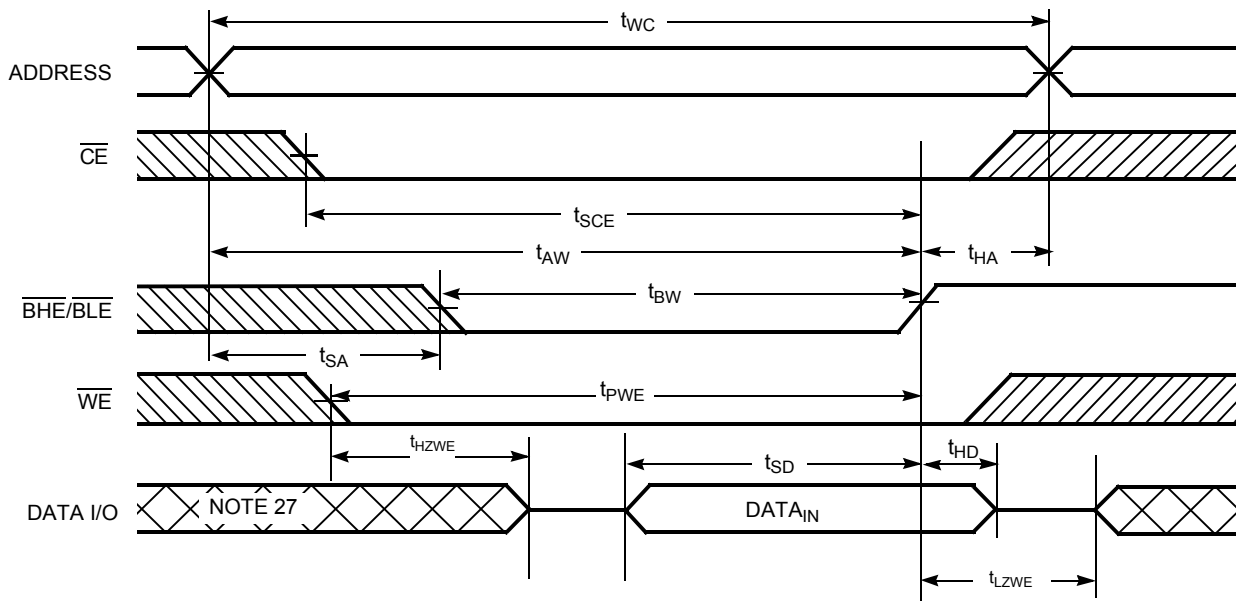


Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 4 ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}/\overline{\text{BLE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW) [26]



Notes

- 26. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 27. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

**Truth Table**

$\overline{\text{CE}}$	$\overline{\text{WE}}$	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	$\overline{\text{BHE}}$	$\overline{\text{BLE}}$	Inputs or Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X <sup>[28]</sup>	X <sup>[28]</sup>	High Z	Deselect or power down	Standby ( $I_{\text{SB}}$ )
X <sup>[28]</sup>	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect or power down	Standby ( $I_{\text{SB}}$ )
L	H	L	L	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	L	H	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	L	L	H	Data out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	L	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	H	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	L	H	Data in (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )

**Note**

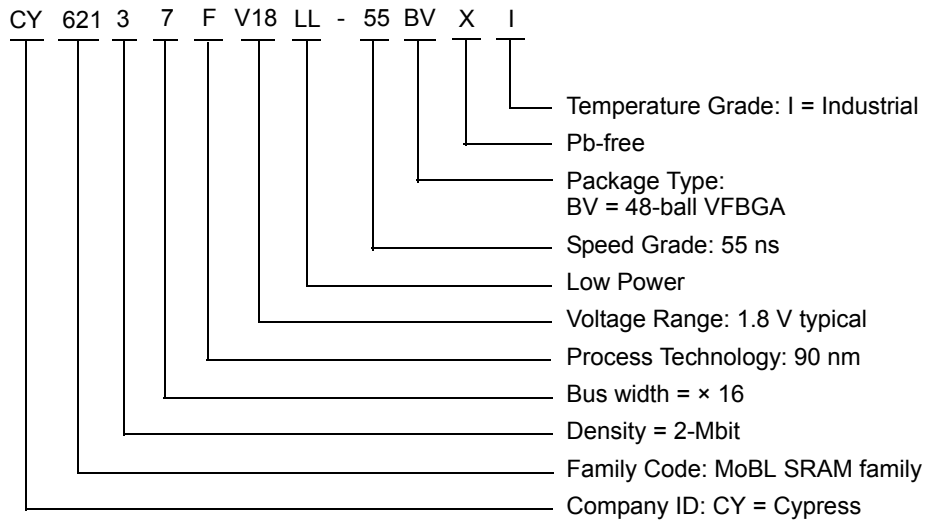
28. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the Chip enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Byte enables ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ ) in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

### Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62137FV18LL-55BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (Pb-free)	Industrial

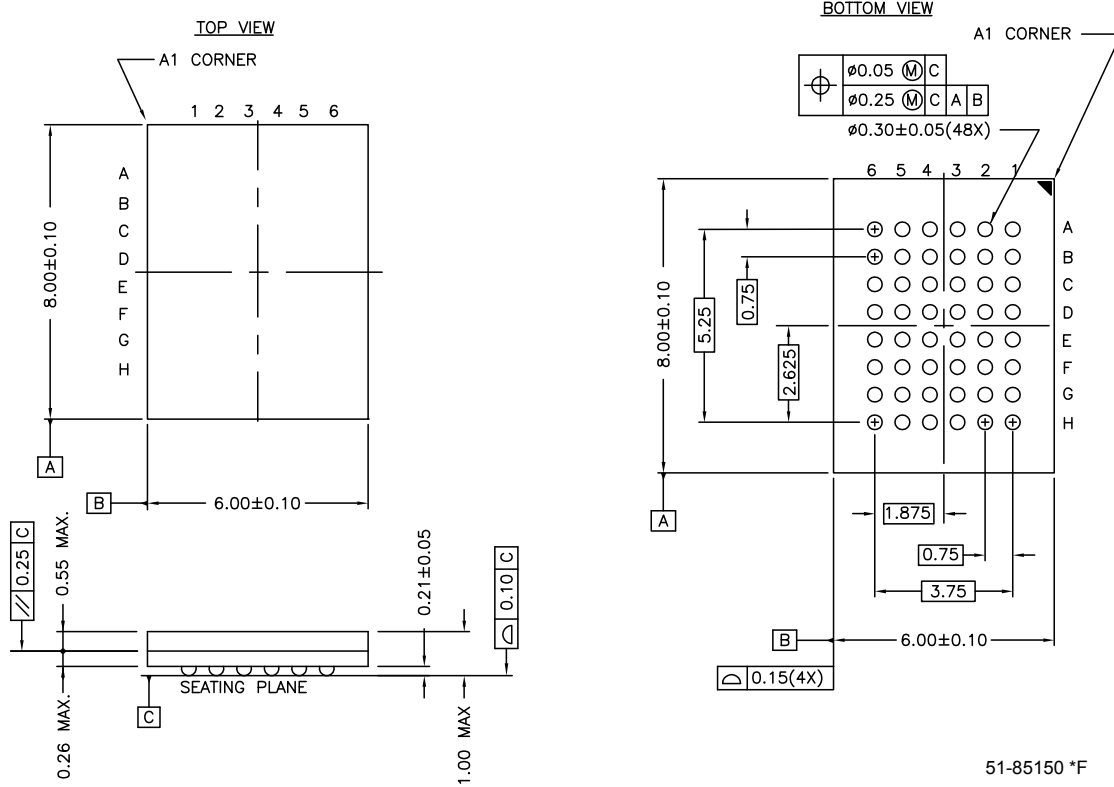
Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of other parts.

### Ordering Code Definitions



### Package Diagram

Figure 10. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm) BV48/BZ48, 51-85150



## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
BHE	byte high enable
BLE	byte low enable
CE	chip enable
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
OE	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
VFBGA	very fine-pitch ball grid array
WE	write enable

## Document Conventions

### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	Mega Hertz
μA	micro Amperes
μs	micro seconds
mA	milli Amperes
mm	milli meter
ns	nano seconds
Ω	ohms
%	percent
pF	pico Farad
V	Volts
W	Watts

**Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62137FV18 MoBL <sup>®</sup> , 2-Mbit (128 K × 16) Static RAM				
Document Number: 001-08030				
REV.	ECN NO.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	463660	See ECN	NXR	New datasheet
*A	469180	See ECN	NSI	Minor change: moved to external web
*B	569125	See ECN	NXR	Converted from preliminary to final Replaced 45 ns speed bin with 55 ns speed bin Changed the I <sub>CC(max)</sub> value from 2.25 mA to 2.5 mA for test condition f=1 MHz Changed the I <sub>SB2(typ)</sub> value from 0.5 μA to 1 μA Changed the I <sub>SB2(max)</sub> value from 2.5 μA to 5 μA Changed the I <sub>CCDR(typ)</sub> value from 0.5 μA to 1 μA and I <sub>CCDR(max)</sub> value from 2.5 μA to 4 μA
*C	869500	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote #12 related to t <sub>ACE</sub>
*D	908120	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote #8 related to I <sub>SB2</sub> and I <sub>CCDR</sub> Made footnote #13 applicable to AC parameters from t <sub>ACE</sub> Changed t <sub>WC</sub> specification from 45 ns to 55 ns Changed t <sub>SCE</sub> , t <sub>AW</sub> , t <sub>PWE</sub> , t <sub>BW</sub> specification from 35 ns to 40 ns Changed t <sub>HZWE</sub> specification from 18 ns to 20 ns
*E	1274728	See ECN	VKN/AESA	Changed t <sub>WC</sub> specification from 55 ns to 45 ns Changed t <sub>SCE</sub> , t <sub>AW</sub> , t <sub>PWE</sub> , t <sub>BW</sub> specification from 40 ns to 35 ns Changed t <sub>HZWE</sub> specification from 20 ns to 18 ns
*F	2943752	06/03/2010	VKN	Added <a href="#">Contents</a> Added footnote related to Chip enable and Byte enables in <a href="#">Truth Table</a> Updated <a href="#">Package Diagram</a> Added <a href="#">Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information</a>
*G	3055165	10/12/2010	RAME	Added Contents Added <a href="#">Acronyms and Units of Measure</a> Update <a href="#">Package Diagram</a> from *E to *F Added <a href="#">Ordering Code Definitions</a> details. Changed I <sub>SB1</sub> /I <sub>SB2</sub> /I <sub>CCDR</sub> test conditions to reflect byte power down feature
*H	3061313	10/15/2010	RAME	Minor Changes: Corrected CE to $\overline{CE}$ and WE to $\overline{WE}$ in Figures 7 and 8
*I	3263825	06/17/2011	RAME	Replaced CE and OE with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ in all instances in page 1. Updated <a href="#">Functional Description</a> (Removed "For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines."). Updated in new template.

## Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

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### PSoC Solutions

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